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Order Filed on April 25, 2023 by Clerk U.S. Bankruptcy Court District of New Jersey

Counsel for Movant Anthony Hernandez Valadez

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

In re:	:	Chapter 11
	:	
LTL MANAGEMENT LLC,	:	Case No. 23-12825 (MBK)
	:	
Debtor.	:	
	:	

ORDER GRANTING IN PART AND DENYING IN PART MOTION BY MOVANT ANTHONY HERNANDEZ VALADEZ SEEKING RELIEF FROM THE AUTOMATIC STAY, TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER, AND PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION ORDER

The relief set forth on the following pages is hereby ORDERED.

DATED: April 25, 2023

Honorable Michael B. Kaplan United States Bankruptcy Judge

The instant matter having come before the court on the motion [Dkt. 71] (the "Moiton") for relief from the automatic stay by counsel for Movant Anthony Hernandez Valadez, and for relief from the temporary restraining order, and any anticipated preliminary injunction in the adversary proceeding filed by counsel for the Debtor, at adversary proceeding no. 23-01092 (MBK), seeking among other relief, the entry of a temporary restraining order preventing the continuation of all actions against the Debtor and the Protected Parties identified in the exhibits and amended exhibits to the Debtor's adversary complaint; and this Court having entered an exparte temporary restraining order (the "TRO") in the adversary proceeding [Dkt. 20 in Adv. Pro. No. 23-01092] restraining all parties from pursuing all claims against the Debtor and the Protected Parties (as defined in the TRO), pending the Court's consideration of the entry of a preliminary injunction; and Debtor having filed an objection to the Motion [Dkt. 208]; and Movant having filed a reply in support of the Motion [Dkt. 206]; and the Court having considered all submissions with respect to the Motion and the proposed preliminary injunction, including opposition to the TRO and the imposition of preliminary restraints filed in the adversary proceeding by an ad hoc committee of talc claimants, which opposition was subsequently adopted by the Official Committee of Talc Claimants (the "TCC") formed by the Office of the United States Trustee (the "TCC Opposition"), and oppositions to the entry of a preliminary injunction or extension of the automatic stay filed in the adversary proceeding by the Office of the United States Trustee, representatives of an ad hoc committee of state attorney generals, and a number of representatives of plaintiffs restrained under the TRO and proposed to be restrained under the preliminary injunction and extension of the automatic stay; and the Court having considered all arguments and evidence presented at hearings held on April 11, 2023 and April 18, 2023 and having rendered its ruling and rendered a bench order at a hearing held on April 20, 2023, a transcript of such ruling being attached hereto as Exhibit "A" (the "Bench Ruling"); and for the reasons set forth in the Bench Ruling, which is incorporated herein by reference,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. The relief requested with respect to the TRO is mooted by the Court's ruling at the April 20, 2023 hearing and the Bench Ruling, which dissolved the TRO and imposed a more limited preliminary injunction (the "Preliminary Injunction"). The relief requested with respect to the automatic stay and the Preliminary Injunction is granted in part and denied in part, without prejudice, as set forth in the Bench Ruling and in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Order.
- 2. Pursuant to the Bench Ruling, the Court hereby grants Movant the following relief from the automatic stay and Preliminary Injunction under §362 of the Bankruptcy Code as set forth below:
 - a. In the case of *Anthony Hernandez Valadez v. Johnson & Johnson, et al.*, the Preliminary Injunction does nothing to constrain the parties in preparing the matter for trial. The parties therein are permitted, and directed, to proceed with all litigation and all pretrial proceedings, up to the point of commencement of a trial.
 - b. Movant is granted limited stay relief for purposes of taking discovery against Debtor related to the underlying litigation in the case of *Anthony Hernandez Valadez v. Johnson & Johnson, et al.*
 - Movant's request for a waiver of the 14-day stay under Rule 4001(a)(3) of the Federal
 Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure is granted and this Order is effective immediately.
- 3. The relief requested by the Motion is otherwise denied, without prejudice. Pursuant to the Bench Ruling, Movant is enjoined from conducting a trial in the case of *Anthony Hernandez Valadez v. Johnson & Johnson, et al.*, against any of the Non-Debtors (as defined in the Motion) through and including June 15, 2023 or further Order of this Court.
- 4. The Motion is adjourned to the hearing scheduled for May 3, 2023, wherein the Court intends to hear where the parties stand with respect to pretrial matters. At that time, the Court will consider whether to lift the automatic stay to permit Movant to proceed against the Debtor and/or to grant Movant relief from the Bench Ruling, as incorporated in the Preliminary Injunction, to permit Movant to proceed to trial against the Non-Debtors (as defined in the Motion).

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5. The Court retains jurisdiction to hear and determine all matters arising from or related to the interpretation and/or enforcement of this Order.

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EXHIBIT A

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

IN RE: Case No. 23-12825 (MBK)

LTL MANAGEMENT LLC,

. U.S. Courthouse

Debtor. 402 East State Street Trenton, NJ 08608

LTL MANAGEMENT LLC, . Adv. No. 23-01092 (MBK)

Plaintiff,

V .

THOSE PARTIES LISTED ON APPENDIX A TO COMPLAINT AND JOHN AND JANE DOES 1-1000,

Thursday, April 20, 2023

12:02 p.m.

TRANSCRIPT OF RULING ON

MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF MOTION BY MOVANT ANTHONY HERNANDEZ VALADEZ FOR AN ORDER (I) GRANTING RELIEF FROM THE AUTOMATIC STAY, SECOND AMENDED EX PARTY TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER, AND ANTICIPATED PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION, AND (II) WAIVING THE FOURTEEN-DAY STAY UNDER FEDERAL RULE OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE 4001(a)(3) [DOCKET 71]; AND DEBTOR'S MOTION FOR AN ORDER (I) DECLARING THAT THE AUTOMATIC STAY APPLIES OR EXTENDS TO CERTAIN ACTIONS AGAINST NON DEBTORS OR (II) PRELIMINARILY ENJOINING SUCH ACTIONS AND (III) GRANTING A TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER EX PARTE PENDING A HEARING ON A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION [ADVERSARY DOCKET 2]; AND MOTION TO SEAL; AND SERVICE PROCEDURES MOTION

BEFORE THE HONORABLE MICHAEL B. KAPLAN UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT JUDGE

Kiya Martin Audio Operator:

Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

> J&J COURT TRANSCRIBERS, INC. 268 Evergreen Avenue Hamilton, New Jersey 08619 E-mail: jjcourt@jjcourt.com

(609) 586-2311 Fax No. (609) 587-3599

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APPEARANCES CONT'D:

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3

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For the Ad Hoc Committee Womble Bond Dickinson of Attorney Generals: BY: ERICKA JOHNSON, ESQ.

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Wilmington, DE, US 19801

_ _ _ _ _

THE COURT: Okay. Good afternoon, everyone.

This is Judge Kaplan. Getting a little feedback.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Good afternoon, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

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I hope everybody's doing well. Bear with me as I go through the usual mechanics of getting us up from an IT perspective.

All right. Thank you. This afternoon I intend to address the pending motions with respect to the preliminary injunction based on the debtor's verified complaint, as well as the pending relief from automatic stay filed by Mr. Satterley on behalf of Emory Valadez.

First, some preliminary matters, if I may. The Court 14 is in receipt of submitted evidence and deposition designations proffered, by both the debtor and the committee, TCC. The 16 Court is also in receipt of the objection filed by the TCC to certain designations of testimony with respect to Mr. Haas, 18 Mr. Murdica, and Mr. Birchfield.

At this point in time, the Court is accepting into 20 evidence all of the evidence and designations submitted by both 21 the debtor and the Committee. The Court is overruling the objections raised by the Committee with respect to those identified depositions and testimony. But the Court is going 24 to note that the Court in reaching its ruling this afternoon 25 has accorded zero weight to the depositions and the evidence

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1 reflected in the testimony.

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The Court is also in receipt of supplemental submissions from you all. Thank you. We have the debtor's supplemental submission dated April 19th. We have the Committee's objection to it. We have supplemental submissions on behalf of the Bergeron's, on behalf of Maune Raichle's clients, Katherine Tolleson, on behalf of Paul Crouch. We have also, the Court is in receipt of an initial statement on behalf of an ad hoc committee supporting talc claimants.

Oh, let me go back. With respect to the evidence, I 11 have also received the U.S. Trustee's objection with respect to 12 the use of confidentiality designations. And the Court agrees 13 that the evidence has been accepted for purposes of the PI motion only and not for any other purpose in this case. I 15 think that covers all these supplemental submissions. And the Court has had the opportunity to review these this morning.

I'm prepared to read my ruling into the record. I hope you all will bear with me in the time it takes.

I sat through yours.

All right. One of the advantages of conducting the 21 hearing in a hybrid fashion, both live and remote this past Tuesday, was that my wife could log in and see that I was actually working and in Court for over nine hours. And when I got home, she asked me why I didn't cut off the arguments and 25 the endless PowerPoint presentations sooner. I told her that I

1 was looking for answers, that it was repeated often that the world is watching and I wanted every opportunity to understand the facts and get answers to my concerns. I believe that the Court and the world is entitled to such answers.

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Well, frankly, after Tuesday, I have more questions than answers. The fundamental question addressed by the parties is whether the debtor has a realistic possibility of success. It is the linchpin of the four-prong injunction test employed universally. In Chapter 11, the inquiry is more 10 focused on whether the debtor has a reasonable possibility of 11 reorganizing, which needless to say, at a minimum, requires that the debtor survive any motions to dismiss for cause, including lack of good faith.

Our Third Circuit now has made clear that it views 15 the gateway to good faith being a determination that a debtor 16 is in financial distress. Mr. Maimon, among others, argued that this determination should be straightforward. Did anything occur in the two hours and 11 minutes between filings 19 and after the Third Circuit's ruling, which changed the debtor's financial situation and created distress.

I'm not sure that this is the correct question. Rather, I think it must be whether anything changed in the debtor's financial picture. Since October of '21, the date of the first filing and the period fixed for purposes of the five-25 day trial undertaken in February of 2022, and April 4, 2023,

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1 the date of the second filing.

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Well, certain things have changed. Claims against the debtor have soared from approximately 41,000 to in all likelihood well over a 100,000. Are these new claims supportable? Tuesday provided more speculation than answers. Does the increased volume of claims add to or create financial distress for this debtor? Maybe. Maybe not.

Since the first filing, the acknowledged floor for the debtor's talc liability has increased from 2 billion to 8.9 10 | billion with questions remaining as to whether this sum would 11 cover the billions claim due for third-party providers, state 12 regulators, Canadian class claimants, indemnified parties, and others.

Does this increase floor of debt add to or create 15 financial distress for this debtor? Again, maybe. Maybe not. 16 Since the first filing, the debtor's funding resources have |17| been reduced from 61 billion to possibly 30 billion plus. The 18 reduction certainly appears manufactured by the debtor, HoldCo, 19 and J&J in response to the Third Circuit's ruling. Does this 20 reduction in funding add to or create financial distress for this debtor? Maybe. Maybe not.

Does the manner in which the transactions were undertaken give rise to an independent bases for finding bad 24 faith? Possibly. Do the transactions give rise to fraudulent 25 transfer liability for the benefit of the debtor's creditors?

1 Well, constructive fraud generally, under the Bankruptcy Code and state law, requires a determination of insolvency. Can the Court conclude after Tuesday's hearings that the debtor's liabilities exceed its assets? I don't think so since the extent of the liabilities has not been anywhere close to being fixed.

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The Third Circuit specifically cautioned and admonished against casual calculations and back of the envelope forecasts. Given the limited record here, this Court cannot 10 make an informed determination or comparison of the assets and 11 liabilities of this debtor in this bankruptcy, which according 12 to the Third Circuit, is where the inquiry should be focused.

As to actual fraud, can the Court conclude that 14 there's been an actual intent to hinder, delay, and defraud creditors? Maybe. But proof of subjective intent may be difficult to determine without knowing the extent of the liabilities and whether it's reasonable for the debtor to believe that its remaining assets are sufficient to cover such 19 liabilities.

And for the Court, there was a very concerning question regarding this loss of value in the funding agreements and its potential impact on the interest of present and future creditors. What happens if this case is dismissed? I know the lawyers that represent these claimants will fight zealously and 25 tirelessly for their individual clients, as they should. But

1 who pursues the claims for the possible loss in funding value? Who will fight for the other a 100,000 or so creditors or claimants to pursue recovery that may be available because of these transactions? Outside of bankruptcy, who will fight to protect the interest of future claimants?

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Now, it may be that this Court determines that the last series of questions, or in fact any of the other questions, are not relevant. Once the Court hears from the movants with regard to the anticipated motion to dismiss, 10 undoubtedly the debtor has an uphill battle. There are 11 unresolved issues such as the voidability of the 2021 funding agreement, the potentially largest fraudulent transfer undertaken in history, as the phrase has been proffered; the 14 need to acquire 75 percent approval for the plan. But at this point, with so many unanswered questions, the Court cannot 16 reach a determination that there is no possibility of a successful reorganization premised upon the objections of 18 certain claimants, vehement as they may be.

The Court cannot at this juncture sua sponte dismiss 20 this case or rely on bad faith as a basis to deny the 21 preliminary injunction. That being said, the Court is skeptical and will require a well-supported and timely showing by the debtor that this reorganization has a meaningful chance.

For purposes of today, the Court refers and 25 incorporates into this ruling its analyses and discussions 1 found in its prior published opinions at 638 B.R. 291, 640 B.R. at 322, and 645 B.R. 59. Specifically, these prior opinions explicate the Court's authority to hear, decide, and enter a final order and judgment in the adversary proceeding, which would have the effect of extending the automatic stay and enjoining litigation against non-debtor third parties relative to the debtor talc claims as defined in the verified complaint.

In sum, the Court concludes that Section 362(a) and Section 105(a), and/or the Court's inherent powers can each serve as an independent basis to extend the stay to non-debtor 11 third parties. In so concluding, the Court continues to follow the Philadelphia newspapers approach set forth at 423 B.R. 102, which considers whether there is jurisdiction to enter the injunction, whether the extension of the automatic stay to nondebtors is appropriate, and whether the Court should in its discretion, issue the injunction.

As in the last case, the debtor has asked for a 18 preliminary injunction and/or an extension of the stay to 19 certain non-debtor parties. The UST, the TCC, and 20 representatives of certain claimants, among others, oppose this request. At the core of all these objections is the argument that the debtor cannot confirm a plan, that there is no likelihood of success because the objecting claimants will not agree to a plan proposed by the debtor. Yet the debtor comes 25 before this Court with an alleged 55,000 or more claimants in

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support of a proposed settlement.

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This Court cannot discount those claimant's rights and preferences in favor of others. Notwithstanding, claimants who have had over the past 18 months their claims and litigation stalled during the pendency of the prior bankruptcy, should not lose more valuable time. Therefore, I have determined that the TRO currently in place should be dissolved and replaced with a far more limited preliminary injunction.

Needless to say, the automatic stay remains in effect 10 as to the debtor. The more limited preliminary injunction to 11 be entered will prohibit the commencement or continuation of any trial against any of the protected parties identified in Appendix B to the verified complaint, as amended, through and including June 15, 2023, a period of approximately 60 days. This is aimed at preventing the liquidation of claims for which 16 this debtor may have liability with the liquidation occurring outside of this bankruptcy.

But to be clear, I am neither enjoining nor 19 restraining the filing of new complaints against the protected parties, nor am I enjoining or restraining any ongoing discovery or other pretrial matters. Given the very limited scope of these restraints, the Court did not, and frankly could not, on the factual record examine the basis of relief for each of the specific protected parties.

The restraints included in the current amended TRO

1 will remain in effect as to the MDL that's currently pending before Judge Michael Shipp. I have spoken with Judge Shipp and we both agree that the continuing restraints as to the MDL should and will be revisited along with the continuing appropriateness of the preliminary injunction itself at the Court's omnibus hearing scheduled for May 22, 2023.

With respect to Section 108(c) tolling provisions relative to the statute of limitations for unfiled claims, the Court's preliminary injunction order will include language that the automatic stay under Section 362(a) remains in effect for unfiled claims unless the claimant, through counsel, notifies the debtor in writing of his, her, or their interests and intent to proceed with the filing of a complaint.

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The purpose of this language is to ensure that such claimants who wish to defer filing a complaint and paying the 16 necessary filing fees while the bankruptcy case unfolds are not placed in the position of having to file and incur that expense. The Court welcomes any and all suggestions as to workable language that addresses this issue.

Finally, the Court recognizes the debtor's concern that a full throttled resumption of litigation may place immediate burdens on staff and potential witnesses, such as a proffered 30(b)(6) witness and sees no reason why transcripts of such initial depositions can't be provided in lieu of 25 multiple repeat and duplicative depositions across the country.

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1 If a problem arises in this regard, the Court will address this and any specific problems at a future date.

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In reaching today's ruling, that Court employs its discretion and judgment to balance the interest of the tens of thousands of claimants who wish to go forward outside of bankruptcy, the interest of the tens of thousands of claimants who wish to pursue settlement within this case, and the interest of the debtor in pursuing a fair and equitable resolution of these claims through a bankruptcy reorganization.

I wish to make one thing clear. Contrary to some 11 suggestions, the Court is not endeavoring to make policy. That 12 has never been the Court's aim. Rather, the Court is engaged in trying to do its best to advance the interest of creditors 14 as a whole, a task I and my bankruptcy judge colleagues undertake daily.

With respect to the Valadez matter, I am troubled 17 with the same issue I've had to tackle in the prior case, whether it is ever appropriate to start picking and choosing 19 which claimant among thousands should be permitted to go 20 forward and liquidate claims while others abide by the process. From everything I have heard and read there remains considerable tasks, including expert discovery and motion practice, which must be completed before the matter is ready for trial.

Mr. Satterley, I see you're on. There are no present

1 restraints preventing you from moving forward in this regard apart from proceeding to trial. I will provide your client the opportunity to quickly revisit this issue by carrying your motion to May 3rd, and if appropriate, that's the next scheduled omnibus hearing, and if appropriate to the May 22nd hearing, to hear where you stand with respect to pretrial matters.

Alternatively, you may submit a form of order granting in part and denying in part your requested relief so that you may pursue an immediate appeal. You can advise chambers after this hearing as to your preference.

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Finally, as noted, on Tuesday as part of the text order in the first case, which terminated mediation due to the anticipated dismissal of the case, I urge the parties to continue settlement discussions. I have not altered my view 16 that mediation is important. Indeed, considering the debtors' intent to file a plan in short order I believe mediation is critical and should begin as soon as possible.

The parties must have confidence in the mediator, and 20 the mediator must have plenary authority to conduct any 21 mediation as he, she, or they deem appropriate. I know the debtor has filed a motion to reappoint Mr. Russo and Judge Schneider. Notwithstanding, I am directing the Committee and the debtor to provide me in confidence with three names of proposed mediators by the close of business this coming

emergency writ because of the pending death of my client, so I just wanted to find out from Your Honor will you give me permission, if my appellate counsel tells me it's appropriate, 25 to go to the Third Circuit directly?

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             THE COURT: The best I can do is give you the
   authorization to make the request to me formally. I have to --
             MR. SATTERLEY: Yes, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: -- allow other parties to weigh in on it.
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             MR. JONAS: Your Honor, may we have the same
   response? Because we would intend to do so, as well.
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             THE COURT: The same response would be appropriate.
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             MR. JONAS: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             MS. BROWN: Your Honor, this is Allie Brown. Could I
   ask, I understand the Court's ruling. Given the significance
11 of the discovery that will no doubt be coming our way very
   soon, could we ask that the order not go into effect until
   Monday at nine a.m. so that we can alert counsel throughout the
14 country who handle these matters on a local basis and have no
15 visibility into what's been going on here, so they are prepared
16 to deal with letters to the Court, and calls to the Court in
   the individual cases they are monitoring? I fear if we don't
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   do that it could be somewhat chaotic, as discovery requests
   start immediately.
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             THE COURT: Well, as a practical --
             MR. SATTERLEY: May I respond to that, Your Honor?
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             THE COURT: Let me -- I'll let you respond. Let me
23 -- as a practical matter I don't have an order. I asked the
   parties to settle an order. And I leave on Saturday morning,
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25 and I'll be out of the state. So --

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             MS. BROWN: Understood.
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             THE COURT: I don't know how to respond to you.
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   Certainly --
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                        I think I understand, Your Honor. So, it
             MS. BROWN:
   will be dependent on us proposing something to the Court --
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             THE COURT: Right.
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             MS. BROWN: -- and there is at least a few days time
   on that so we can get the logistics in order.
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             THE COURT: Right. With Mr. Satterley --
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             MS. BROWN:
                        Understood.
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             THE COURT: Yes. Thank you.
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             MR. SATTERLEY: So, this -- counsel has been aware of
13 Your Honor's tentative since last Thursday, and Your Honor, you
14 know, while it's more formalistic and you put it all in more
   detail, they have been aware, and just as Your Honor directed
16 me to do, I went to Judge Seabolt and asked him to do exactly
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   what Your Honor said, move the hearing until today. And
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   counsel for J&J and all the retailers were present, and they
19 said I correctly stated what Your Honor said. There is
   absolutely no reason to further delay, because trial courts,
   state courts have a docket also, and they need to manage their
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   docket.
             So I would request, Your Honor, to allow us to advise
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24 the state courts, advise the trial judges the procedure.
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25 Obviously various state laws control with regards to how much

1 time they have to respond to discovery. No state that I'm aware of requires the debtor -- I mean, the non-debtor, the non-debtor to respond immediately to discovery. Usually it's 20 days, or 30 days, or 45 days.

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So even if we were to tender discovery today, it's not going to be tomorrow that they're going to respond to it. So I object to Mrs. Brown's request to once again further delay the resumption of our client's rights to go -- and because, for example, Your Honor, one of the cases I filed an objection to 10 was Mr. Eagles (phonetic). His trial, Mr. Eagles' trial was 11 already set for April the 2nd. Because of the TRO we moved it to May the 1st. And now I was going to tell Judge Seabolt to move it to June the 15th. And what Ms. Brown is in essence 14 asking for is in Mr. Eagles' case, who is dying of mesothelioma, that we would not be able to start preparing that 16 case further for trial. So I would object to Mrs. Brown's request, and allow us to begin the preparation so that these individuals are not further harmed.

THE COURT: I think I can --

MS. BROWN: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Well, Ms. Brown, I think I can address this -- and I see other hands raised. I do not have an objection -- I know you all will secure a copy of this transcript quickly. I have no objection to you providing it to 25 non-bankruptcy courts with the note that a formal order has not

MR. PLACITELLA: But the issue, Your Honor --

THE COURT: If you want to address it --

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MR. PLACITELLA: Respectfully, Your Honor, yes,

1 because the issue is whether the standard has been met for a temporary restraining order. And with no evidence, and in fact, they submitted a brief to you saying whatever happened after Holdco is irrelevant, with no evidence, even with Your 5 Honor's best intent there is no basis even for a short restraint to stop the case against Kenvue or Janssen. The operation of -- I'm assuming what's going to happen is they are going to file a motion to dismiss, and the trial court will make a determination. But, you know, having them give notice, you know, 10 |11| after five a day before the hearing, put on no evidence and say oh, well, protect them too when Mr. Kim doesn't even know why 13 it was included, respectfully, I don't think it should be included.

THE COURT: All right. Fair enough. At this 16 juncture I am going to excise out those two defendants from the 17 | Exhibit A. I will preserve the debtor's rights to come back 18 before me to include them at a later date if it becomes relevant.

MR. PLACITELLA: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. JONAS: Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes?

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MR. JONAS: Your Honor, it's Jeff Jonas from Brown, 24 25 Rudnick, and with me is Melanie Cyganowski from Otterbourg on

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1 behalf of the Committee, TCC. Your Honor, I would ask that you sua sponte grant the Committee derivative standing to investigate and bring state court causes of action and claims. I think -- I hope, Your Honor, that our hearing, trial earlier this week, if nothing else, demonstrated, and I think you have sufficient evidence as to the futility of expecting this debtor to investigate, never mind bring, those claims and causes of action. So we would ask you to do that now, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: All right. Does the debtor wish to be heard? Mr. Gordon? MR. GORDON: Greg Gordon, Your Honor, Jones Day, on 11 12 behalf of the debtor. I don't think it's appropriate to make that request orally for a sua sponte ruling. There are 14 standards that have to be met, including advising the Court and the parties what claims we're talking about, and there's got to 16 be a showing that they are colorable claims. And so from our 17 perspective we think, as you handled the other matter, a motion should be filed and we should be given the right to respond to

THE COURT: All right. I knew there would be a danger in conducting this not in a webinar format where counsel had the ability to ask questions. I'm not prepared or inclined to grant sua sponte relief at this -- or any further relief today. The purpose for today's hearing was to try to read a 25 ruling and direct the parties to come to a form of order.

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             MR. GORDON: And, Your Honor, I wanted to spend one
 2 minute on Mr. Placitella, if I could. I obviously heard Your
   Honor's ruling. I just wanted to indicate that he did say in
   court, as I recall, that the basis for the claims is successor
 5 in interest, which would be property of the estate, and
   therefore those claims would be barred by the automatic stay.
   But we heard Your Honor. We'll handle that appropriately.
   We'll file a motion as necessary to get the relief that we
   think would confirm that those claims are barred by the
10 automatic stay.
11
             THE COURT: In fairness to Mr. Placitella, I was
12 moving everybody along quickly --
13
             MR. GORDON: Understood.
14
             THE COURT: -- on Tuesday, and we didn't vet these
   arguments.
             MR. GORDON: Sure.
16
17
             THE COURT: And given the stage where it's at there's
18
   ample time to address it further.
19
             MR. GORDON: Understood, Your Honor.
20
             THE COURT: Ms. Cyganowski, I can't tell, is there
21 still a hand up?
             MS. CYGANOWSKI: Yes, there is, Your Honor. Melanie
22
23 Cyganowski for the Committee. I'm not asking for the relief
24 today, but just to advise the Court that we will be opposing
25 the debtor's request for expedited relief with respect to the
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1 hearing on the disclosure and plan.

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THE COURT: The Court has received the debtor's motion on shortened time, but I believe the Court did receive something from your firm, or one of the firms representing the TCC in opposition. In all candor, it sits on the corner of my desk, and I have not looked at it, nor will I through today and probably through tomorrow. So if other firms want to weigh in, one side or the other, they may do so.

MS. CYGANOWSKI: Thank you.

MR. SATTERLEY: Your Honor, I have one last question. 11 Can we -- I know Your Honor said you were going to be away. Is it -- can we have a deadline for the order? The only thing I'm afraid of, we can obviously meet and confer today. Can we 14 submit by tomorrow competing orders to the extent we can't agree on the exact language? Because I have -- not necessarily 16 with this debtor, but I have had situations where defendants in litigation don't agree, and it just protracts the submission of 18 the order of the Court. So I was going to suggest is it possible we'll meet and confer this afternoon. If we can't agree to an order by 12 noon tomorrow we can submit competing orders, and Your Honor decide what's appropriate?

THE COURT: My thought is that if you -- let's see. 23 \parallel I'm trying to make it as expeditious, but I am not sure where I am going to be during the early part of next week. So, how 25 about this? Do your best to meet and confer, come up with the

So, if by the close of business on Monday you haven't all agreed on a form of order, reach out for chambers. We'll see if we can have a conference call.

MS. BROWN: Thank you, Your Honor.

of the order. You can take action as appropriate.

MR. STOLZ: Your Honor, maybe an easier way to -- to 11 handle it is to have this -- Your Honor's ruling constitute a 12 bench order to be followed up by a written order so it's 13 effective immediately?

MS. BROWN: Judge, we'd like the opportunity to 15 follow your instructions, and we can certainly do so by Monday, 16 and we'll reach out if there is an issue.

THE COURT: I think --

18 MR. SATTERLEY: The only problem with that, Your 19 Honor --

20 THE COURT: Go ahead.

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MR. SATTERLEY: -- my clients die. Every day is important to my client. And if I have to make a decision about an emergency appeal, as I told Your Honor on the 11th, every single day that goes by my client is -- is closer to being in 25 the ground, dead, and so I would request -- Your Honor made it

1 real clear what your order is today. There's no reason why we cannot agree to something this afternoon or tomorrow morning and submit something to Your Honor. What -- so, I would -- Mr. Stolz makes a great point, and I would request that Your Honor incorporate Mr. Stolz's request.

MS. BROWN: Your Honor, there are wide implications of your order, and we are prepared to follow the Court's instruction to immediately meet and confer and get the Court by Monday a proposed order.

MR. MAIMON: Your Honor?

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THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Maimon?

MR. MAIMON: Thank you, Your Honor. We object to the debtor stringing this out. This is -- Your Honor noted that 14 the delay for claimants should not continue any more as to the 15 non-debtors, and it should not be that on Monday, first thing, 16 with Your Honor out of the state, and we don't know what the Court's availability is, that we then have to first start 18 scheduling conferences. The Court was very clear with its 19 decision today. Mr. Stolz is correct. It's standard practice 20 for courts to issue a bench order that the transcript is the order of the Court to be followed up with a more formal written order that can form the basis of any appeals or anything like that. But we should be able to proceed in accordance with the Court's ruling immediately.

THE COURT: All right. Well, in effect I thought I

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1 was providing Mr. Satterley and others with the authorization
2 \parallel to take this transcript. A bench order requires the transcript
   in the first place. So, I anticipate that you're going to be
4 using the transcript. If you want the magic language that this
5 is it's so ordered from the bench subject to the terms of a
 6
   more formal order to be entered at a later date, you have it.
 7
             MR. SATTERLEY: Thank you, Your Honor.
8
             UNIDENTIFIED ATTORNEY: Thank you, Your Honor.
9
             THE COURT: All right. And then I think I wish all
   of you a good weekend.
             UNIDENTIFIED ATTORNEY: Enjoy your vacation, Your
11
12
   Honor.
13
             THE COURT: Thank you.
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             UNIDENTIFIED ATTORNEY: Don't tell anyone where you
15
   are.
16
             THE COURT: I should be so lucky. Thank you.
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             UNIDENTIFIED ATTORNEY: Thank you.
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27 1 CERTIFICATION 2 We, KAREN K. WATSON and TAMMY DERISI, court approved 3 transcribers, certify that the foregoing is a correct 4 transcript from the official electronic sound recording of the 5 proceedings in the above-entitled matter and to the best of our 6 ability. 7 /s/ Karen K. Watson 9 KAREN K. WATSON 10 11 /s/ Tammy DeRisi 12 TAMMY DERISI 13 J&J Court TRANSCRIBERS, INC. DATE: April 20, 2023 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

Case 23-12825-MBK Doc 337 Filed 04/27/23 Entered 04/28/23 00:16:19 Desc Imaged Certificate of Notice Page 33 of 33

United States Bankruptcy Court District of New Jersey

Case No. 23-12825-MBK In re: LTL Management LLC Chapter 11

Debtor

CERTIFICATE OF NOTICE

District/off: 0312-3 User: admin Page 1 of 1 Date Rcvd: Apr 25, 2023 Form ID: pdf903 Total Noticed: 1

The following symbols are used throughout this certificate:

Symbol **Definition**

Addresses marked '+' were corrected by inserting the ZIP, adding the last four digits to complete the zip +4, or replacing an incorrect ZIP. USPS regulations require that automation-compatible mail display the correct ZIP.

Notice by first class mail was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center on Apr 27, 2023:

Notice by electronic transmission was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center.

Electronic transmission includes sending notices via email (Email/text and Email/PDF), and electronic data interchange (EDI). Electronic transmission is in Eastern Standard Time.

Recip ID Date/Time **Notice Type: Email Address**

Recipient Name and Address + Email/Text: jkim8@its.jnj.com

LTL Management LLC, 501 George Street, New Apr 25 2023 20:52:00

Brunswick, NJ 08933-0001

TOTAL: 1

BYPASSED RECIPIENTS

The following addresses were not sent this bankruptcy notice due to an undeliverable address, *duplicate of an address listed above, *P duplicate of a preferred address, or ## out of date forwarding orders with USPS.

NONE

NOTICE CERTIFICATION

I, Gustava Winters, declare under the penalty of perjury that I have sent the attached document to the above listed entities in the manner shown, and prepared the Certificate of Notice and that it is true and correct to the best of my information and belief.

Meeting of Creditor Notices only (Official Form 309): Pursuant to Fed .R. Bank. P.2002(a)(1), a notice containing the complete Social Security Number (SSN) of the debtor(s) was furnished to all parties listed. This official court copy contains the redacted SSN as required by the bankruptcy rules and the Judiciary's privacy policies.

Date: Apr 27, 2023 Signature: /s/Gustava Winters